

United States of North
America: an e-Direct
Democracy

By Ben Caesar

United States of North America may refer to: A term used before 11 July 1778 to refer to the United States of America.

- **1965**, Samuel Bemis, *A diplomatic history of the United States*, 5 edition, page 43 (note):

The name United States of America first appears in the Declaration of Independence. The Franco-American treaties of 1778 use the phrase **United States of North America**, occasionally employed thereafter in official pronouncements; but Congress resolved July 11, 1778, in favor of the name United States of America, to be used on its bills of exchange, and it has been used since as the official name.

Though the phrase was more commonly used by writers of the British Empire, it continued in use in the United States until the 20th century, especially in the context of diplomatic missions to Latin America.

No nation exists forever. Things change. Borders change. People get diversified. Religions evolve. New races emerge out of interracial intergasms. USA will not live on forever. God will not bless USA forever. USA has existed — in various forms — since 1776 AD. Its borders will change. Either you evolve or devolve. USA has to evolve — in order to survive and become better. Time for USNA, "United States of North America" — an e-Direct Democracy that is much better than the current bipartisan — corrupted and pointless — representative democracy

The political environment in present day America is bleak. It is pointless. Corrupt rich elitist politicians rule this country. We need a change. We need the power to go back to the people instead of the ruling monopolist oligarchic pseudo-fascist politicians — who are themselves owned and controlled by the hidden powers that actually control the world.

Instead of not doing anything about it, we the people need to force a change in the system. We need an American revolution that will change America, and then the world. We need e-direct democracy. This is an age of twitter, instagram, facebook, snapchat, and other apps. We can simply develop an app through which people can register in to vote ONLINE — without any possibility of election rigging or hacking by the Russians — and the people get to decide the policies, amendments to the constitutions, and everything else that the corrupt politicians get bribed to modify to whoever pays them to do their bidding.

How about an APP named "E-Vote"?

You would vote for a particular person from the public — who is willing to do it — to represent the people who voted for them? And their job is only to work as servants of the public. The public decides the policies. The public is the judge, jury and the executioner. The public decides who the next judge is. The public decides whether a person is guilty or not. Everything is online. Everyone is involved. Every citizen of United States of North America has access to the internet and all the facilities that are basic human needs. No more homeless people. No need for jobs. Most of the work is done by the machines.

Everyone gets to have basic welfare and healthcare. If they want to get rich, sure go ahead!

But every citizen is equal in the eyes of the law. Every citizen has basic welfare income of 50,000 USNA dollars or more.

It would be technocratic. Those qualified for the job would be allowed to be put in the list of eligible candidates, and people would vote them in or out. There would be an e-Senate. There would be an e-Congress. There would be e-High Courts. e-Supreme Courts.

There would be no power structure. Switzerland has a form of direct democracy. But it is not electronic yet.

No more Bill Clinton. No more Obama. No more George Bush. No more Hillary Clinton. No more Donald Trump. No more Chelsea Clinton or Ivanka Trump. Yes folks, Ivanka and Chelsea will compete each other for the Presidency in the near future. I don't like a future in which dynasties rule the world. There shouldn't be a British monarchy. There shouldn't be arabic kingdoms. If we believe in true democracy, then e-direct democracy is the true democracy of the future.

This would be a world in which Hyper-Capitalism and Hyper-Socialism co-exist and form a bond. It will be complex. It will be glorious. People will watch technocrats on live feeds, and they get to decide who is capable and who isn't, and they get to vote the incompetent people out!

Politics will be an E-Reality TV/Internet; the ordinary people will be more involved than ever.

Every citizen will have basic private property that he/she/it can increase the numbers of.

Mexico

The borders will remain, but heavy investment will happen in Mexico, modernizing the country for the next 100 years. If Mexico becomes as good as USA, then Mexican territories will be incorporated and Mexican States will be the new states of United States of North America.

Canada

The border will remain, and the hyper-liberals can move up and down from USA to Canada and back. Single Passport. Those who are conservative can move down from Canada to USA and live in the 'red states'.

I think we all know that borders are man-made. I imagine a future in which there is a One World Government, and the rich elites aren't controlling the resources of this beautiful planet. Every human being will be controlling it!

We will then look forward to exploring Space and settling in other planets of the nearest habitable galaxies. The future is bright. Do not get bogged down by the few elites who want to rule everything and ruin the fun for the rest of us.


The Currency



The hypothetical currency for the union is most often referred to as the **amero**. The concept is modeled on the common European Union currency (the euro).


NAFTA

Members



USA
+
Canada 1988
+
Mexico 1994

NAFTA



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Politico · 2 days ago



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CBC.ca · 1 day ago



Trump to reveal desired changes for NAFTA renegotiation

CTV News · 1 day ago

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E-majority rule government, in full electronic popular government, the utilization of data and correspondence innovations to improve and in a few records supplant agent vote based system.

Scholars of e-majority rule government contrast, yet most offer the conviction that a portion of as far as possible to citizenship in contemporary liberal-vote based nations—issues of scale, shortage of time, decrease of group, and absence of chances for approach consultation—can be overwhelmed by new types of online correspondence.

Hypothetical beginnings

An unmistakable collection of thoughts shapes the scenery to e-vote based system in both hypothesis and practice. Amid the 1960s an era of political scholars, including Benjamin Hair stylist, C.B. Macpherson, and Carole Pateman, set up a motivation for participatory majority rule government that persevered well into the 21st century.

Amid the 1980s numerous sociologists and political researchers reevaluated the idea of group. A few, for example, Robert Bellah and associates, weeped over the

escalation of independence in American culture and required another communitarian ethic. Others, for example, Amitai Etzioni, contended for forceful, sincerely effective group bonds based around family and region.

The last hypothetical motivation for e-vote based system is Jürgen Habermas' idea of the general population circle: an admired self-sufficient circle of correspondence in which nationals can uninhibitedly participate in contemplated talk about far from the controlling impact of the state, extensive media enterprises, and structures of social disparity. The possibility of nationals pondering in unreservedly shaped relationship in common society before taking that information up to the level of government reviews the immediate popular government of old Athens, yet e-vote based system refreshes this by concentrating on how political talk is intervened. The Web rises as a correspondence medium extraordinarily suited to giving various fields to open level headed discussion that are generally unconstrained, adaptable, and, most importantly, self-represented.

Group systems

Group arrangements first developed amid the 1970s however multiplied in numerous liberal majority rule governments amid the 1990s as the expenses of programming, PCs, and systems administration hardware started to fall. Early systems, for example, the Berkeley People group Memory Venture close San Francisco and the Santa Clause Monica Open Electronic System close Los Angeles, utilized fundamental innovations, for example, content based notice sheets, email, and free terminals in physical open spaces, for example, stores, group focuses, and libraries. Most people group systems are open private plans that consolidate three fundamental components: a rapid system offered gratis or at a sponsored rate to families; some type of group innovation focus, frequently situated in a group building; and an accentuation on making content particular to the nearby group.

Comparative Themes

coordinate popular government

democratization

law based deficiency

urban limit

consociationalism

deliberative popular government

parliamentary popular government

majoritarianism

Group systems depend on the possibility that by giving to common individuals the ability to shape the generation of online data about their nearby neighborhood, virtual groups can enhance geological groups by making new social ties and corresponding put stock in, the elements of social capital.

From people group to governmental issues

Some e-popular government ventures have endeavored to interface informal organizations with more extensive political procedures while staying autonomous of

government, gatherings, or intrigue gatherings. Preeminent among these is Minnesota E-Vote based system (later E-Democracy.org), which was set up in 1994 and wound up plainly one of the world's biggest subnational-level political dialog discussions.

In the mid 21st century there was a critical move toward endeavoring to connect online systems to formal political procedures. Focal and nearby government organizations and additionally councils gradually yet clearly begun to explore different avenues regarding on the web approach exchanges and subject counsels. These activities endeavored to give an extension between casual online considerations among nationals and structures of administration that furnish an interface with "genuine" basic leadership forms. The deliberative hand over administration has just produced a scope of non-Web strategies for including residents in arrangement making, for example, natives' juries, people groups' boards, nearby approach gatherings, center gatherings, small scale submissions, and petitions. E-vote based activities bring the Web in with the general mish-mash. These have by and large taken after two expansive models: consultative and deliberative.

Test Your Insight

The Senate moved into its present chamber in the north wing of the U.S. State house in Washington, D.C., in 1859.

Structures of Government: Truth or Fiction?

Consultative methodologies push the correspondence of resident supposition to government. The suspicion is that data is an asset that can be utilized to give better approach and organization. Presumably the best case of the consultative model in real life is the U.S. national government's e-lead making program. This is intended to permit intrigue gatherings and individual nationals to remark on office and office leads as they are being produced.

Britannica Stories

Demystified/Science

What Is a Delayed repercussion?

Safeguard group scanning for casualties caught under the trash in the fallout of the extent 7.2 quake that struck close Van, Turkey, on October 23, 2011.

Spotlight/History

Ruler Elizabeth's Court Soothsayer

'John Dee playing out an examination before Ruler Elizabeth I' by Henry Gillard Glindoni. Oil painting eighteenth century. Pentimento, mysterious, divination, enchantment.

Spotlight/Geology

A Trillion Tons of Antarctica Fell into the Ocean

In late August 2016, daylight come back to the Antarctic Promontory and divulged a break over the Larsen C Ice Retire that had developed longer and more profound over the austral winter

Demystified/Science

What Causes Tidal waves?

Carefully changed picture of torrent waves clearing over city (advanced adjustment; catastrophic event)

Deliberative models consider a more intricate, even, and multidirectional intuitiveness. The United Kingdom was a pioneer in trial endeavors to coordinate online deliberative gatherings straightforwardly into arrangement talks. The U.K's. Hansard Society led a few trials from the late 1990s, including an exchange on surge administration, a pathbreaking gathering on encounters of abusive behavior at home including more than 200 ladies in intelligent dialog, and an online confirmation and discourse discussion on the 2002 draft Interchanges Bill. The last was the principal certified endeavor to incorporate an online discussion with a built up parliamentary council.

E-popular government has incited much hypothetical exchange. However, its primary topics are progressively installed in political practice. They have been cherished in a wide assortment of national and neighborhood tests, in a wide range of settings, utilizing distinctive types of PC intervened correspondence, in nations as different as Australia, Canada, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, and Sweden.

Could an Assembled Conditions of North America Lift the US and Canada?

Merger of the Century: Why Canada and America Should Wind up noticeably One Nation

On the off chance that you were tired of the resoluteness of the Casual get-together's followers amid the national government's shutdown, there is no reason for positive thinking by its determination. The framework could again be seized in a couple of months by a little bit of one of two gatherings in one of the three branches of the administration. A framework that allows this has profound blemishes.

The issue may appear to be insoluble. Individuals from the Place of Agents, more than some other government legislators, are under obligation to lobbyists and the cash they infuse into the framework. Youth voting is declining and an ever increasing number of youngsters are picking contrasting options to popularity based establishments to realize change. As individuals wherever turn out to be more pessimistic there is a national emergency of authenticity for majority rules system really taking shape, and tempest notices of more concerning issues.

All of a sudden is a humble proposition to take care of this and other profound issues confronting America. (Before you read promote it's most likely best in case you're taking a seat.)

The arrangement may be to have the Unified States and Canada meet up to frame one nation where the benefits of each and the procedure of a merger may settle some unmanageable difficulties they both face.

This is the proposition of top of the line writer, author, savant and double national of the U.S. also, Canada, Diane Francis. In her new book, Merger of the Century: Why Canada and America Should Wind up plainly One Nation, Francis sets out the monetary advantages of uniting, how the arrangement could be genuinely organized, and the political obstacles to overcome.

In the event that the formation of the European Union is prove, exchange assentions, regular markets and financial unions can prompt political unions. So it's not all that absurd that 20 years after the marking of the North American Organized commerce Understanding, somebody has at long last made a genuine proposition for political joining of Canada and the Unified States.

Francis begins by expressing the self-evident. Once an unrivaled monetary superpower, the present America is feeble. The Worldwide Money related Store figures that China, India, Japan and the four Asian Tigers — South Korea, Taiwan, Singapore and Hong Kong will be greater than the G8 (less Japan) by 2018.

She cites Andy Stern, a previous union pioneer, who contends that "In a time when nations should be financial groups, Group USA's outcomes — a jobless decade, 30 years of level middle wages, an exchange deficiency, a contracting white collar class and remarkable picks up in riches yet just for the best 1 percent — are regrettable."

In building the case for unification, Francis says Canada's greatest quality is its "psyche boggling" abundance of assets. With the assistance of a petrologist from the Geological Study of Canada, she appraises that Canada has between \$9 trillion to \$15 trillion worth of metals minerals still to be found and created. Include the multiplier impact from discovering, constructing and working mines and the essential framework and additionally enhancing the products, this sum would dramatically increase.

To supplement these assets, Canada has a strong keeping money framework, a solid association with the U.S., more complex social esteems and frameworks and an informed, well behaved individuals.

Francis contends that the U.S's. most noteworthy upper hand is its way of life of hazard taking and enterprise. American dispositions de-slander mishaps and disappointments by business people working in compliance with common decency, while different countries or societies rebuff any disappointment. The Assembled States is the main country with the capital, logical ability and inspiration to build up Canada's tremendous wild in a reasonable and dependable way. Canada's assets and the Cold district — bound to be "the world's future Panama and Suez channels" — would give "mind blowing openings."

A consolidated U.S. what's more, Canada would have a bigger economy than the European Union or the economies of Japan, China, Germany and France joined. The U.S.- Canada combo would control more oil, water, arable land and assets than whatever other nation, all ensured by America's considerable military. Nationals of the blended nations would have more alternatives as far as occupations, atmospheres, studies and ways of life.

Francis lays out the financial matters of a few merger situations and in addition approaches for political reconciliation, for example, the Full Monty German reunification grasped by the past West and East Germany. Another choice is making a meta-state like the European Union — where Canada and the U.S. would proceed as discrete political elements.

Francis yields that blending would be hard however demands it would be justified regardless of the agony. With the infusion of a huge number of Canadian voters into the American political framework, the legislative issues of the bound together nation would move to one side of where the U.S. is today. A Republican president would be more outlandish. What's more, during the time spent unification, the U.S. could change its political framework to grasp a large number of the upsides of Canada's parliamentary structure, with the official and authoritative branches going about as one.

Francis utilizes financial information to abrade both the U.S. human services framework and Canada's treatment of native rights. She parodies American fear of government and Canada's lack of concern about barrier. She doesn't recoil, exhibiting a financial asset report that

post-merger legitimizes a \$15 trillion payout to Canadians.

Francis portrays her book as a "thought investigation," and it is all around recorded and soundly contended. Summoning a rich information of world political and monetary history, she paints a convincing woven artwork that is difficult to reject.

Some underlying scrutinizes of the book have contended that the possibility of political union is not practical given altogether different mentalities North and South of the verge on everything from guns to political frameworks and war. As one commentator asked: "And shouldn't something be said about America's crazy war on drugs: How might ski bums at Whistler endure seeing SWAT groups and sniffer canines plunging on their pot parties?"

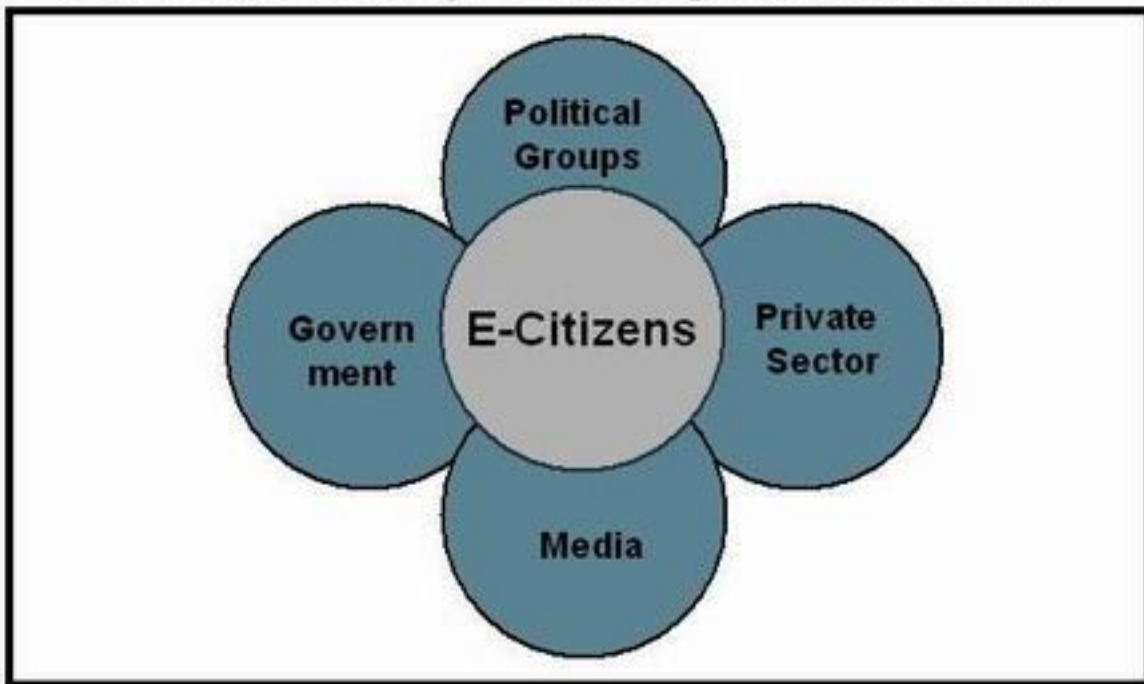
Such complaints would be army, and many would basically reject the proposition as hogwash. Be that as it may, as somebody who has contended for profound change in a number of society's foundations, I've generally put protests to change in one of two cans. Container #1 is "motivations to not do this" and can #2 is the "execution challenges." If Americans and Canadians were to choose unification was worth examining,

complaints would go into the second basin. Surprisingly, she perceives these hindrances, citing Subside Drucker that "culture has system for breakfast."

We as a whole deserve to venture back and reflect profoundly about the unpredictable time of history we are entering. To me, in the event that it propels flourishing, supportability and equity, at that point no proposition is excessively over the top, making it impossible to consider.

This rearranged show represents e-majority rules system exercises all in all. Expanding on the primary graph it, sits as a channel on the "info" outskirts amongst subjects and administration in first chart:

E-Democracy Conceptual Model



Governments give broad access to data and connect electronically with natives, political gatherings run online support crusades and political gatherings battle on the web, and the media and entry/seek locales assume a vital part in giving news and online route. In this model, the "Private Division" speaks to economically determined

availability, programming, and innovation. This is the entire of e-vote based system.

E-majority rule government is not developing in a vacuum with these parts as it were. Innovation improvements and online patterns from all sides of the Web are consistently being embraced and adjusted for political and administration purposes. This is one of the all the more energizing open doors as email, remote systems administration, personalization, weblogs, and different apparatuses move in from other online substance, business, and innovation ranges and bring development and the open door for change with them.

Looking to the focal point of model, the main ones who encounter "e-majority rule government" in general may be "subjects." In more "wired" nations most residents are encountering data age vote based system as "e-natives" at some level of administration and open life. In creating nations, e-vote based system is similarly as vital, yet exists as a greater amount of a foundation to-organization relationship. In all nations, the impact of "e-vote based system" really achieves a large portion of the general population through its impact on the customary media and through informal exchange by means of compelling individuals from the group.

"E-Natives" - More prominent Resident Support?

To numerous, e-vote based system recommends more noteworthy and more dynamic subject cooperation empowered by the Web, versatile interchanges, and different advances in the present agent majority rule government. It likewise proposes an alternate part for government and more participatory types of direct resident inclusion in endeavors to address open difficulties. (Think e-volunteerism over e-voting.)

Some take this further and view the data insurgency as a naturally popularity based "problematic innovation" that will drastically improve legislative issues. This view has decreased extensively, as existing vote based performing artists have shown their capacity to consolidate new advancements and online correspondence procedures into their own particular exercises and secure their current advantages. They need to so as to survive.

Later on, most "e-majority rules system" improvement will normally come about because of ICT-quicken rivalry among the different political powers in the public arena. We are encountering a sensational "e-majority rule government development." In this advancement, the part,

interests, and the present and future exercises of all on-screen characters is not yet surely known. There is as yet a chance to impact its improvement to improve things.

Things will change, however as each fair area propels their online exercises, popularity based goal will be required to accomplish the more prominent objectives of vote based system.

Related assets:

E-Popular government Asset Connections

Eventual fate of E-Vote based system - The Fifty Year Design

E-Popular government digital book: Majority rule government is Online 2.0

E-Administration

I utilize the expression "Delegate E-Government" to depict the e-majority rules system exercises of government foundations. Others call this "e-administration." Regardless of whether a nearby

government or a Unified Countries office, government foundations are making critical interests in the utilization of ICTs in their work. They are communicating "fair expectation." Their endeavors make this a standout amongst the most unique and vital territories of e-vote based system advancement.

There are unmistakable contrasts in how illustrative organizations and chose authorities utilize ICTs contrasted with managerial offices and offices. The utilization of ICTs by parliaments, heads of state/government, and nearby chambers (and chose authorities in these establishments) lingers fundamentally behind the managerial based e-taxpayer supported organization and entry endeavors. This is an administrations in the first place, majority rules system later approach.

This concentrate of e-government assets on administrations does not imply that e-vote based system is not increasing expanded consideration in a few governments. Indeed, driving e-benefit governments are presently at a point where they are investigating their e-majority rule government obligations all the more truly.

Objectives for E-Majority rule government in Administration

Interest in customary e-taxpayer driven organization conveyance is legitimized in view of the arrangement of more prominent resident accommodation and the regularly subtle objective of cost-reserve funds. Objectives for e-government in administration that advance majority rule government and powerful administration include:

1. Enhanced government choices
2. Expanded native trust in government
3. Expanded government responsibility and straightforwardness
4. Capacity to oblige the general population will in the data age
5. To adequately include partners, including NGOs, business, and intrigued national in better approaches for addressing open difficulties (see open net-work beneath)

Conference On the web

The principal range of government e-majority rules system investigation has concentrated on interview inside official arrangement making forms. Governments, similar to the Assembled Kingdom and Canada, are taking their consultative structures and adjusting them to the online condition. New Zealand and Canada now have uncommon entrances devoted to advance the open conferences over their legislatures. This incorporates customary disconnected open doors and in addition those where online info is empowered. Over the UK, various "online discussions" have been conveyed to accumulate uncommon subject info by means of the Web.

Illustrations:

Counseling

<http://www.consultingcanadians.gc.ca>

Canadians:

New Zealand – Take an interest:

<http://www.govt.nz/en/take part>

UK E-Majority rule government Counsel:

<http://www.e-democracy.gov.uk>

Others, including facilitating and best practice tips:
<http://www.publicus.net/articles/consult.html>

Responsibility, Confide in, The general population Will

These three topics are rising on the e-majority rule government motivation. Building government responsibility and straightforwardness are a critical concentration of e-government in many creating nations. E-government is seen an against defilement instrument in places like South Korea, Mexico, and others. Trust, while a vital objective, must be measured in theory. Building up a causal connection between e-government/e-vote based system encounters and expanded levels of trust will be troublesome.

Eventually, the principle challenge for administration in the data age will be obliging the will of the general population in numerous little and extensive ways on the web. The immense obscure is whether native and political institutional utilization of this new medium will prompt more responsive government or whether the commotion produced by contending intrigues online will make administration more troublesome. It is conceivable that present utilization of ICTs in government and legislative issues, which are frequently not detailed with

fair purpose, will really make administration less responsive.

One thing is clear, the Web can be utilized to successfully compose challenges and to help particular backing causes. Regardless of whether it was the utilization of email gatherings and content informing dissenting previous President Estrada of the Philippines or the reality a greater part of Americans online sent or got email (for the most part diversion) after the Presidential race "tie" in the Unified States, significant crossroads in history prompt a blast of online action. The informal organizations online are extremely powerful and governments should be set up to suit and respond to "electric surges." When something happens that causes a surge, individuals will anticipate that administration will draw in them by means of this medium or residents will rather see government as progressively lethargic and detached with society they are to serve.

Related assets:

For additional on the e-government and majority rules system, look for the 2003 Joined Countries World Open Part Report. Subtle elements will be shared on DoWire: <http://www.e-democracy.org/do>

Top Ten E-Majority rules system "Schedule" for Governments Around the globe

Top Ten Hints for "Weos" - Wired Chose Authorities

Open Net-Work

Open net-work is another idea. It speaks to the key utilization of ICTs to better execute built up open approach objectives and projects through immediate and differing partner contribution on the web.

In the event that e-popular government in government speaks to enter into administration, at that point open net-work speaks to participative yield utilizing the same or comparable online instruments. Open net-work is a specific, yet open, approach that utilizations two-way online data trade to do beforehand decided government strategy.

Expanding on the main chart, the accompanying "tie" display proposes a more liquid correspondence condition that can be accustomed to bring subjects and open work partners nearer to the focal point of administration. It

likewise proposes that arrangement pioneers can connect and grow nearer associations with subjects and partners.

E-Vote based system Beginning stages

Often refreshed online assets with connections and declarations specifically identified with e-majority rule government from over the Web:

Majority rules systems Online Newswire

<http://www.dowire.org>

DoWire is a noteworthy blog/email declaration list on e-majority rules system, e-government and the sky is the limit from there.

E-Vote based system and E-Government Sites

<http://www.dowire.org/nourishes>

Many related web journals and news encourages

E-Majority rule government digital book and related articles

<http://www.publicus.net>

Steven Clift's diagram of e-vote based system and many articles with broad connections.

Advancement Entryway - E-Government

<http://topics.developmentgateway.org/e-government>

Additionally observe Learning Economy, ICTs for Improvement

Sight and sound Victoria's eGov Asset Ctr

<http://www.egov.vic.gov.au>

For joins from an administrative point of view, select "EDemocracy" in the "Patterns and Issues."

Sociology Data Portal

<http://www.sosig.ac.uk/governmental issues>

Select "Political Correspondence" for various reports and articles.

Governmental issues On the web

<http://www.politicsonline.com>

Politicker and Netpulse e-bulletins contain news joins concentrated on the political utilization of the Web.

Teledemocracy.Org Connections

<http://itc.napier.ac.uk/ITC/links.asp>

Likewise observe their productions and toolbox.

UK's E-Government Announcement

<http://www.headstar.com/egb>

E-bulletin additionally covering "teledemocracy."

College of St. Gallen's EGov Center

<http://www.electronic-government.ch>

Refreshed with new articles and connections in numerous dialects every week.

Government Online Natural Output

[http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/ig-gi/gs-compact
disc/es-ae/es-ae_e.asp](http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/ig-gi/gs-compact/disc/es-ae/es-ae_e.asp)

Day by day connects accumulated by Canadian
Government

Content Villiage - eGov Asset Center

<http://www.content-village.org/articles.asp?id=170>

Assets from crosswise over Europe and past

Politik-Advanced's E-Demokratie

<http://www.politik-digital.de/edemocracy>

German point of view and investigation

NetPolitique

<http://www.netpolitique.net>

French pamphlet and assets

EGov Blog Roll

<http://slashdemocracy.org/gotzespace>

Dr. John Gotze's weblog incorporates broad e-gov blog joins.

Form 3.0, Walk 23, 2006 - Current adaptation at:

<http://publicus.net/articles/edemresources.html>

Ordered by Steven Clift, <http://publicus.net>

Brief E-Majority rule government Definition

E-majority rule government speaks to the utilization of data and correspondence advancements and techniques by vote based on-screen characters inside political and administration procedures of nearby groups, countries and on the worldwide stage. Majority rule performers/divisions incorporate governments, chose authorities, the media, political associations, and native/voters.

To numerous, e-majority rules system recommends more prominent and more dynamic subject investment empowered by the Web, portable correspondences, and different innovations in the present agent popular

government and additionally through more participatory or direct types of national contribution in tending to open difficulties. – Steven Clift

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Brisk Connects to Choose Topical Assets

Online Discussion

<http://www.publicus.net/articles/consult.html>

<http://www.pwgsc.gc.ca/onlineconsultation>

<http://www.bowlingtogether.net>

<http://www.hansardsociety.org.uk/eDemocracy.htm>

OECD's Subjects as Accomplices Guide, and so on.

<http://www.deliberative-democracy.net/>

E-Rundown:

<http://groups.dowire.org/gatherings/counsel>

Driving Governments on E-Vote based system

<http://www.publicus.net/e-government>

<http://www.e-democracy.gov.uk>

<http://www.getinvolved.qld.gov.au> - more

http://dowire.org/wiki/UK_highlights

<http://dowire.org/wiki/Briefs>

<http://www.governments-online.org>

Parliaments Online – Agent E-Majority rule government

<http://www.ncsl.org/programs/lis/cip/ciphome.htm>

<http://www.ncsl.org/programs/lis/nalit>

<http://www.congressonlineproject.org>

http://dowire.org/wiki/Online_Committee_Room

Electronic Voting

<http://www.social-informatics.net/evoting.htm>

<http://www.calvoter.org/issues/votingtech>

http://www.upassoc.org/upa_projects/voting_and_usability

<http://www.votingtechnologyproject.org/links.htm>

<http://lorrie.cranor.org/voting/hotlist.html>

E-Rundown:

<http://groups.yahoo.com/gathering/upa-evoting>

E-Rundown:

<http://lists.hss.caltech.edu/listinfo/votingtech>

Internet Battling

<http://www.ipdi.org>

<http://www.politicalweb.info>

<http://www.voxpolitics.com/primer.shtml> (UK)

<http://www.campaignadvantage.com>

E-Rundown:

<http://groups.yahoo.com/gathering/do-campnet>

Online Promotion and Campaigning

<http://www.backspace.com/activity>

<http://www.network-centricadvocacy.net>

<http://www.policymagic.org/electron.htm>

<http://www.npaction.org/article/articleview/98>

<http://www.benton.org/publibrary/toolbox/stratcommtool.html>

<http://www.techsoup.org/articlepage.cfm?ArticleId=184>

<http://www.summitcollaborative.com/resources.html>

<http://news.gilbert.org/jewel>

E-List:<http://groups.yahoo.com/gathering/electronicadvocacy>

E-Government Exploration

http://europa.eu.int/information_society/soccul/egov/index_en.htm

<http://www.digitalgovernment.org>

<http://europa.eu.int/idabc/en/part/140>

<http://www.ctg.albany.edu>

<http://www.demo-net.org>

Fate of (Political) News On the web

<http://www.ojr.org>

<http://www.poynter.org/subject.asp?id=264>

E-Rundown:

http://poynteronline.org/content/content_view.asp?id=9380

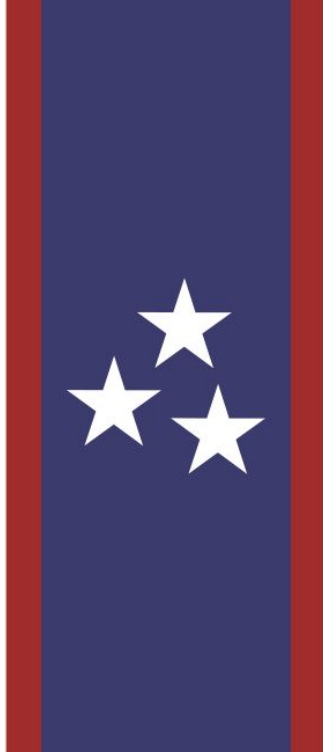
Effect of Weblogs, Social Programming

<http://joi.ito.com/joiwiki/EmergentDemocracy>

<http://www.theisociety.net>

<http://www.mysociety.org>

We need to evolve
from the bipartisan
bullshit politics to
direct democracy
using the internet.
The future is now.



United States of
North America
That is my
dream.