## MatRematics

## Ages 5

## to 6

## geen K.Dasa

Today is my first day in School.


## Preface

After teaching High School for twenty two years, I decided to write books. I taught High School Mathematics, Additional Mathematics, Biology, Human and Social Biology, Physics, Integrated Science, Geography, SAT Mathematics, SAT Physics and MCAT Physics in the past and I am capable of teaching subjects in the Social Sciences and Business fields.

A few years ago, the new Elementary School Curriculum was introduced in my country and there was a sudden need for Mathematics books to reflect this. That was when I decided to get copies of the new Elementary School Curriculum and I started to write. The new Elementary School Curriculum is integrated in nature and because I have experience in teaching different subjects, I was able to integrate the lessons in this book.

This is the first in a series of seven books that will cover the new curriculum for year one to the final year leading up to examination. This book can be used globally, because the core content for Mathematics is the same internationally.

There are many activities designed for students regardless of their intelligence level. Many colorful diagrams, photos and illustrations are used in the book to attract the attention of students. I would encourage parents to print this book when it is downloaded and work through all the exercises with their children.

It is my intention to improve this book regularly so that Teachers, parents and students benefit fully.

If you are a Publisher and would like to get in contact with me to distribute paperback copies of this book globally, my e-mail address is kishwardass@hotmail.com.

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NUMBER
Pre-Number
Groups


Circle the same colour.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Qunb Ceall |  |

## Same size



Circle the same size.


Same shape


Circle the same shape.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Same texture


Circle the hard or soft ones.


## Same names



Circle the ones with the same names.


Same shape with same colour
Circle the same shape which has the same colour


One to one correspondence: more than


Write m for more than and I for less than.


One to one correspondence: equal to


Write $\mathbf{e}$ for equal to and $\mathbf{n}$ for not equal to.


## As many as means equal



Write a next to as many as.


## Most and least



Write m for most and I for least.


## Most and least



Write m next to most and I next to least.


Count to 20 in ascending order
ACTIVITY: The teacher will use flashcards to help the students count.

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |

Count backwards from 20 to 0
ACTIVITY: The teacher will use flashcards to help the students count.

| 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 |
| 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 |
| 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 0 |  |  |  |  |

Counting on from a given number
Start from 10 and count on to 20.
ACTIVITY: The teacher will use flashcards to help the students count.

| ? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Start from 5 and count on to 20 .
ACTIVITY: The teacher will use flashcards to help the students count.


Start from 13 and count on to 20.

| 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $18$ | 19 | 20 |  |  |

Start from 8 and count on to 20.

|  |  | $\square$ | 1 | $\square 2$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\pi$ | $\$$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Counting back from a given number
Start from 10 and count back to 0 .
ACTIVITY: The teacher will use flashcards to help the students count.

|  |  |  |  | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5$ | $\Delta$ |  | 2 | $1$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Start from 20 and count back to 5 .
ACTIVITY: The teacher will use flashcards to help the students count.

|  |  | $10$ | $17$ | $10$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\pm$ | $\pi$ | $13$ | $12$ |  |
|  | $9$ |  |  | 0 |
| $5$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Start from 20 and count back to 10 .
ACTIVITY: The teacher will use flashcards to help the students count.

|  |  | $10$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\pm E$ | $\pi$ | $12$ | $12$ | $T$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Start from 15 and count back to 0 .
ACTIVITY: The teacher will use flashcards to help the students count.


## NUMBER CONCEPTS <br> 0 Zero



Trace and write.

| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{0}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| zero |  |  |  |  |  |

Write 0 next to the sets with zero.


## 1 one <br> Joel goes to School



Trace and write.

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| one |  |  |  |  |  |

Circle 1 object.


Circle the sets with 1.


Write one and 1.


## 2 two Joel and mummy go to the bookstore.



Trace and write.

| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| two |  |  |  |  |  |

Circle the sets with 2.


Write two and 2.


Draw lines from 2 to the correct sets.


## 3 three

Joel and his class go to the garden at school.

| 3 tomatoes three tomatoes | 3 carrots | three carrots |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 bananas three bananas | 3 cabbages three cabbages |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Trace and write.

| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| three |  |  |  |  |  |

Circle 3 vegetables in each set.


Circle the sets with 3.


Write three and 3 in the correct box.


Draw lines from 3 to the correct sets.


## 4 four

Joel and his family go to the zoo.


Trace and write.

| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| four |  |  |  |  |  |

Circle 4 animals in each set.


Colour 4 in each set.


Write four and 4 next to the correct sets.


Draw lines from 4 to the correct sets.


## 5 five

Happy birthday Joel.


Trace and write.

| 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| five |  |  |  |  |  |

Circle 5 in each set.


Circle the sets with 5.


6 six
Joel and his daddy go to the flower shop.


Trace and write.

| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SiX |  |  |  |  |  |

Circle 6 in each set.


Colour 6 leaves.


Circle the set with 6.


Draw lines from 6 to the correct sets.


## 7 seven

Joel, Faith and daddy go to the computer store.


Trace and write.

| 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| seven |  |  |  |  |  |

Colour 7 in each set.


Write seven and 7 next to the correct set.


Draw lines from 7 to the correct sets.


# 8 eight <br> Merry Christmas 



Trace and write.

| 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| eight |  |  |  |  |  |

Circle 8 objects.


Write eight and 8 next to the correct sets.


Draw lines from 8 to the correct sets.


## 9 nine

Joel, Faith, mummy and daddy go to the grocery.


Trace and write.

| 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| nine |  |  |  |  |  |

Help mummy get 9 smaltas. Circle 9 smaltas.


Circle 9 items in each group for mummy.


Draw lines from 9 to the correct sets.


## 10 ten

Joel's grandfather has a farm.


Trace and write.

| 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ten |  |  |  |  |  |

Circle 10 ducklings.


Write ten and 10 next to the correct sets.


Circle the groups with 10 .


Using 5 to make $6,7,8,9$ and 10


## Money: coins

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 cent | 5 cents | 10 cents |
| $1 ¢$ |  | $10 ¢$ |

Equivalent coins

| Coins | The same as |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Coins | The same as |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Circle the same as (same value).


## Money: dollars



Equivalent dollars


| Dollars | The same as |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Buying fruits


Write the cost in the box and circle the money.


## At the grocery



Write the cost in the box and circle the money.


## Ordinal Numbers

First, second, third and last


Number Patterns
These are number patterns.


Circle and write the 2 missing numbers.


Circle and write the next 2 numbers.


Two elements pattern


Circle the next 2 in each.


Three elements pattern


Circle the missing ones.


Addition: and


Write the numbers in the boxes.


How many altogether


Write the numbers in the boxes.


## In all



## Write the numbers in the boxes.



## Equals



Write the numbers in the boxes.


Add


Write the numbers in the boxes.


Plus


Write the numbers in the boxes.


Total


Write the numbers in the boxes.


## Sum



Write the numbers in the boxes.


# 4 plus 3 equals 7 <br> <div class="inline-tabular"><table id="tabular" data-type="subtable">
<tbody>
<tr style="border-top: none !important; border-bottom: none !important;">
<td style="text-align: left; border-left: none !important; border-right: none !important; border-bottom-style: solid !important; border-bottom-width: 1px !important; border-top: none !important; width: auto; vertical-align: middle; ">4</td>
<td style="text-align: left; border-right: none !important; border-bottom-style: solid !important; border-bottom-width: 1px !important; border-top: none !important; width: auto; vertical-align: middle; ">$\boxed{+}$</td>
<td style="text-align: left; border-right: none !important; border-bottom-style: solid !important; border-bottom-width: 1px !important; border-top: none !important; width: auto; vertical-align: middle; ">$\boxed{3}$</td>
<td style="text-align: left; border-right: none !important; border-bottom-style: solid !important; border-bottom-width: 1px !important; border-top: none !important; width: auto; vertical-align: middle; ">$\square$</td>
<td style="text-align: left; border-bottom-style: solid !important; border-bottom-width: 1px !important; border-top: none !important; width: auto; vertical-align: middle; ">$\boxed{7}$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
<table-markdown style="display: none">| 4 | $\boxed{+}$ | $\boxed{3}$ | $\square$ | $\boxed{7}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |</table-markdown></div> 

Complete the boxes.


## Addition with Zero



Complete the boxes.


## Adding vertically



Use dots or marbles to do these.



## Adding horizontally



Use dots or marbles to do these.

| $3+4=\square$ | $4+3=\square$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $5+5=\square$ | $0+9=\square$ |  |
| $4+5=\square$ | 7 |  |



## Addition with money

Complete the boxes.


Add these


Complete the boxes.


Complete the boxes.


## Number stories



Subtraction: remove and remain


Write the number in the boxes.


Write the number in the boxes


## Take away



Write the numbers in the boxes.


## Take away



## Leaves



Write the numbers in the boxes.


## Leaves

Write the numbers in the boxes.


## Minus and equals



Write the numbers in the boxes.


## Minus and equals



Subtract


Write the numbers in the boxes.


Subtract
Write the numbers in the boxes.


$$
- \text { and }=\text { signs }
$$



Complete the boxes.


Subtraction with Zero: complete the boxes.


Subtracting vertically


Cross out dots to do these.


Draw dots and do these.


Subtracting horizontally


Cross out dots to do these.


Draw dots and do these.


Subtraction with money


Complete the boxes.


Complete the boxes.


## Number stories

## Garbage

Five empty milk packs. Joel puts them in the bin.
Now there is none.


Sharing
Joel has two mangoes.
He gives Faith one mango.
He is left with $\qquad$ mango.


Mummy has four pears. She gives Joel one.
$\qquad$ .


## Mental Mathematics

Using the number line instead of dots and marbles


Do these.


Do these.


Groups of five for easier addition


Do these.


Do these.


## VOCABULARY FOR NUMBERS





|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | between <br> I am between Faith and mummy. |
| repeating unit <br> This is a pattern of triangles. The repeating unit is a triangle. | repeating unit <br> This is a pattern of milk boxes. The repeating unit is a box. |




## GEOMETRY

Plane shapes
Joel says a poem in class.


ACTIVITY: The teacher will show students plane shapes and say their names.

These are squares.


These are triangles.


These are rectangles.


These are circles



Write $t$ next to the triangles.


Write $r$ next to the rectangles.


Write c next to the circles.


## Properties of plane shapes

These shapes are flat (plane).


triangle

rectangle

circle

These shapes have straight sides.


This shape is round. It can roll.



## Models with plane shapes

Write $\mathbf{s}$ for square, $\mathbf{t}$ for triangle, $\mathbf{r}$ for rectangle and $\mathbf{c}$ for circle.


Write $\mathbf{s}$ for square, $\mathbf{t}$ for triangle, $\mathbf{r}$ for rectangle and $\mathbf{c}$ for circle.


Solids
These are boxes.


These are also boxes.


These are balls.


These are cans.


These are cones.


Special names for solids.
This is a cube.
These are cubes.


This is a cuboid.


This is a sphere.
These are spheres.


This is a cylinder.


These are cylinders.


This is a cone.


These are cones.


Write c next to the cubes.


Write c next to the cuboids.



## Properties of solids

ACTIVITY: The teacher will show students solids and talk about their properties.



Write r next to the solids that can roll.


## Models with solids

ACTIVITY: The teacher will show students solids and how to make models.


Draw lines from the shapes to the model.


Draw lines from the shapes to the model.
objects

## 2-D and 3-D shapes

ACTIVITY: The teacher will show the class 2-D and $3-\mathrm{D}$ shapes.

2-D shapes
These shapes are flat. Remember Joel's poem.

square triangle rectangle

circle

3-D shapes


Write $2 \mathbf{D}$ next to the plane shapes and $3 \mathbf{D}$ next to the solids.


Comparing plane shapes


Write 4 next to the shapes with 4 sides


Write 3 next to the shapes with 3 sides.


Write s next to the shapes with straight sides.


Comparing solids
Write f next to the solids with a flat side.


Write $\mathbf{r}$ next to the solids that are round.


Write r next to the solids that can roll.


Write s next to the shapes where faces have straight sides.


## Geometrical patterns Patterns with plane shapes



Draw the next 2 shapes.


## 3 shapes pattern



Draw the next 3shapes.


## Patterns with solids

2 solids pattern


These are the next 2 solids

Circle the next two solids.


3 solids pattern


These are the next 3 solids

## Circle the next 3 solids.



## VOCABULARY FOR GEOMETRY



|  | tall <br> This water tank is tall. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | thin <br> Joel has a thin drinking straw. |
| thick The rope is thick. |  |
| big <br> This gift is big. | small <br> This gift is small. |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| on top of | next to |
| over <br> The clouds are over the house. | between <br> The ball is between. |
|  | above <br> The Sun is above. |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Now the ball is on the table. |
|  | in The ice cream is in the cone. |
| These solids have different shapes. | pointed <br> This side of the cone is pointed. |

behind

| rectangles | triangles |
| :--- | :--- |
| rettom | It is in |
| the |  |
| bottom |  |
| shelf. |  |



## MEASUREMENT

Length
Length is from one end to the other end.
ACTIVITY: The teacher will show the class lengths of objects and how to measure these with a ruler.


The length of the pencil is 7 cm .


Write the length of these.


## Long and short



Write I for long and s for short.


## Longer and shorter



Write 1 for longer and s for shorter.


Short and shorter


Write s for short and r for shorter.


## Long and longer



Write 1 for long and $\mathbf{r}$ for longer.


Tall and taller


Write t for tall and r for taller.


As long as (same length)


Write yes if one is as long as the other.


Wide and narrow
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}\hline & \begin{array}{c}\text { a wide } \\ \text { bookcase }\end{array} & \\ \hline \square & & \text { a wide } \\ \text { floor }\end{array}\right]$

Write $\mathbf{w}$ for wide and $\mathbf{n}$ for narrow.


Thin and fat

| ander | thin |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I am thin | I am fat |  |

## Write $\mathbf{t}$ for thin and $\mathbf{f}$ for fat.



Deep and shallow

The boat is in the deep water.


The birds are in the shallow water.

The ship is in the deep water.


The horse is standing in the shallow water.

Write d for deep and sfor shallow.


High and low


Write high or low in the boxes.


Near and far


Write near or far.


## Mass

Light and Heavy
ACTIVITY: The teacher can use a scale to find the mass of individual students at the front of the class. The teacher can show the students that the mass of objects in the class can also be found.

Light


Heavy



Write light or heavy.


Heavy and heavier


Write $\mathbf{h}$ for heavy and $\mathbf{r}$ for heavier.


## Light and lighter



Write 1 for light and $\mathbf{r}$ for lighter.


Easy to push and hard to push


Write e for easy to push and $\mathbf{h}$ for hard to push.


Easy to pull and hard to pull


Write e for easy to pull and $\mathbf{h}$ for hard to pull.


## Weight



Write s for same weight and d for different weight.


Light and heavy
Lighter and heavier


Write 1 for light/lighter and $\mathbf{h}$ for heavy/heavier.


## TIME

Day and night


Day. It is sunny today.


Night. The moon is out.

Write d for day and $\mathbf{n}$ for night.


Time of day: sequence of activities


Early and earlier


Write e for early and $\mathbf{r}$ for earlier.


Write $\mathbf{e}$ for early and $\mathbf{r}$ for earlier.


## Late and later



Write l for late and $\mathbf{r}$ for later.


Write I for late and rer later.


Short time and long time


Write s for short time and I for long time.


Write s for short time and I for long time.


## VOCABULARY FOR MEASUREMENT




|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| light $\square$ | easy to push |




## STATISTICS

## Sorting and Grouping

ACTIVITY: The teacher will call ten students to the front of the class and sort them into groups, e.g. a group of boys, a group of girls, a group with black pencils, a group with short hair, a group with long hair, etc.

## Count



Sort and group


6 girls

1. How many boys? $\qquad$
2. How many girls? $\qquad$
3. How many altogether?
4. More girls than boys. Yes/No
5. Less boys than girls. Yes/No

Put them in a table.

| boys | girls |
| :---: | :---: |
| 雪 1 | 61 |
| F) 2 | (2) 2 |
| -3 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 |
|  | (3) 5 |
|  | 116 |
| 4 boys | 6 girls |

Object chart (horizontal with grids)

| pens |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pencils |  | $\square$ | $\square \mathrm{mmb}$ |  | $\underline{\text { manminester }}$ |
| erasers | Ointcrearl. | Qund Ceald |  |  |  |
| sharpeners |  |  |  |  |  |

Objects in class.

1. There are $\qquad$ pencils.
2. There are $\qquad$ sharpeners
3. How many pens? $\qquad$
4. How many erasers? $\qquad$
5. There are $\qquad$ pencils and $\qquad$ sharpeners.

Object Chart (vertical with grids)


Objects in class.

1. There are $\qquad$ pencils.
2. There are $\qquad$ sharpeners
3. How many pens? $\qquad$
4. How many erasers? $\qquad$
5. There are $\qquad$ pencils and $\qquad$ sharpeners.

Picture Chart (horizontal with grids)

| bears |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tigers |  |  |  |  |  |
| rabbits |  |  |  |  |  |
| birds |  |  |  |  |  |
| ducks |  |  |  |  |  |

Animals at the zoo.

1. How many birds?
2. How many ducks?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. How many bears? $\qquad$
4. There are $\qquad$ tigers and $\qquad$ rabbits.
5. There are $\qquad$ birds and $\qquad$ ducks.
6. How many bears and rabbits altogether? $\qquad$
7. How many tigers and rabbits in all? $\qquad$

Picture chart (vertical with grids)

1.How many helicopters? $\qquad$
2. How many buses? $\qquad$
3. There are $\qquad$ cars and $\qquad$ aeroplanes.
4. How many helicopters and aeroplanes altogether?
5. There are two bicycles. Yes/No

Object Chart (horizontal without grids) milo

smalt
flour
milk
red
beans
At the grocery.

1. How many tins of milo?
2. How many bags of flour? $\qquad$
3. Four bottles of $\qquad$ -
4. $\qquad$ tins of red beans.
5. How many bottles of smaltas and packs of milk altogether? $\qquad$

Object chart (vertical without grids)


In the kitchen.

1. How many plates? $\qquad$
2. How many cups and plates in all? $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ pots and $\qquad$ bowls.
4. Add the number of pots and bowls. $\qquad$

Picture Chart (horizontal without grids) shirts

belts

skirts

bags


At the clothes store.

1. How many bags did mummy buy? $\qquad$
2. How many skirts did mummy buy? $\qquad$
3. Daddy bought $\qquad$ ties and $\qquad$ shirts.
4. How many belts did Joel buy?
5. How many things altogether did they buy? $\qquad$

Picture Chart (vertical without grids)
buckets flags starfish boats lifeguards


At the beach.

1. How many starfish did Joel get? $\qquad$
2. How many flags did Faith see? $\qquad$
3. There are $\qquad$ flags and $\qquad$ boats.
4. Joel saw $\qquad$ lifeguards.
5. Joel took $\qquad$ buckets to collect starfish.

ACTIVITY: The teacher will call 10 students with their bags to the front of the class. He / she will sort them into groups of bag colours.
Draw the bags in the object chart. Then colour the bags.
Object Chart for bag colours


1. How many black bags?
2. How many blue bags? $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ red bags and $\qquad$ yellow bags.
4. How many bags in all? $\qquad$

ACTIVITY: The teacher will call 10 students with their pencils to the front of the class. He/she will sort them into pencil colours. Then help them complete the chart.

Object Chart for pencil colours.

| black |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| blue |  |  |  |  |
| yellow |  |  |  |  |
| red |  |  |  |  |

1. How many black pencils?
2. How many blue pencils? $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ yellow and $\qquad$ red pencils.
4. Which colour has more? $\qquad$
5. Which colour has less? $\qquad$

## VOCABULARY FOR STATISTICS




